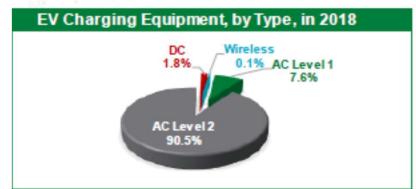
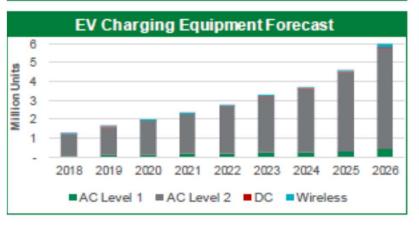


Global electric vehicle charging equipment market





Market Trends and Drivers

The production of electrified vehicles is increasing: estimated 6 million vehicles in 2019, growing to 16 million vehicles in 2023

There is limited charging infrastructure in most regions

The production of new EV charging equipment will increase at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 22% between 2018 and 2026

The majority of charging occurs at the home or workplace during a span of several hours (AC charging)

There is consumer demand for charging times that emulate fuel refilling time for long-distance trips (DC charging)

The voltage and power output of DC chargers is increasing to support fast charging

Business models are evolving: increase property value; revenue generation

CLASSIFICATION OF CHARGING EQUIPMENT.

- ➤ Charging equipment is classified by the maximum amount of power in kilowatts provided to the battery.
- ➤ AC Level 1, which is a 120-volt (V) alternating current (AC) plug. A full charge at Level 1 can take between 8 and 20 hours, depending on the battery capacity of the vehicle. Charging rate is approximately 1 kW.
- ➤ AC Level 2, which is a 240-volt AC plug and requires installation of home charging equipment. Level 2 charging can take between 3 and 8 hours, again depending on the battery capacity of the vehicle. Charging rates fall within a range of 3 kW to 20 kW.
- ➤ Direct Current (DC) fast charging, which is as high as 600 V, enables charging along heavy traffic corridors and at public stations. A DC fast charge can take less than 30 minutes to charge a battery to most of its capacity.

CHARGING --

➤ It is expected that most PHEV and EV owners will recharge their vehicles overnight at home. Level 2 charging equipment will be the primary option for home charging. Vehicle manufacturers have already developed stations for home charging in India.

≻Charging Standards

Standardization in charging outlets assures that all vehicles can be charged at any charging outlet. North America had agreed on standards. Many European countries are in the process of discussing standards for charging infrastructure.

BHARAT EV SPECIFICATIONS FOR AC and DC CHARGING.

Bharat EV charger AC-001

Bharat EV charge DC -001

Home charging –

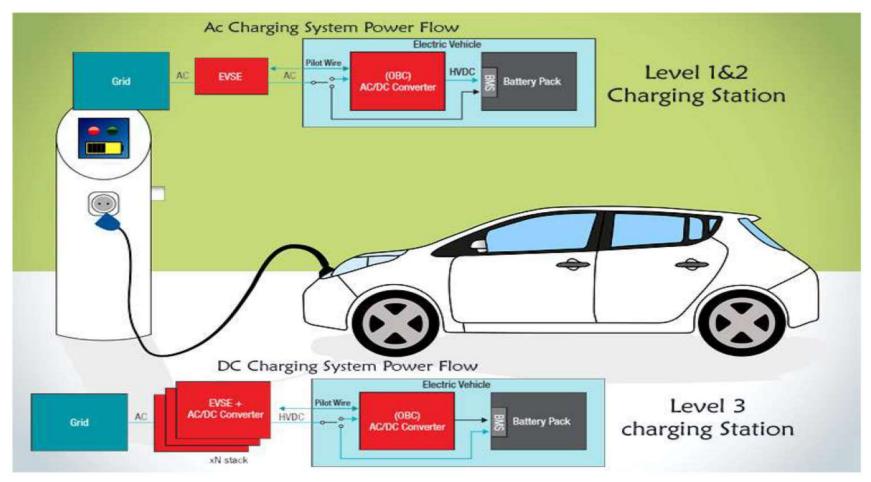
The home charger or on board charger are generally used with 230V/15A single phase supply which can deliver up to 2.5 KW of power. Recommended connector type IEC 60309 for both ends.

AC Slow charging –

Slow AC charging is the most common method of charging EV's. An EVSE supply AC current to on board charger which converts it to DC allowing batteries to be charged.

Fast AC charging -

Electric cars like Nissan leaf have on board chargers capable of fast charging at 7.7 to 22 KW.

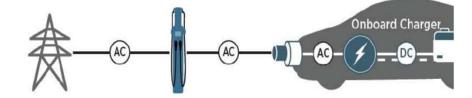


Electric Vehicle On-board Chargers and Charging Stations

What Differentiates Level 2 (AC) and DC Fast Charging

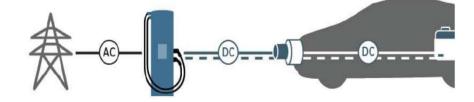
Level 2 Charging

AC power is supplied from the charging station to the on-board charger, which supplies DC power to the battery.



DC Fast Charging

The charger is off board the vehicle and supplies DC power directly to the battery.



EV Battery Charging Times Using the Maximum Available Power from Different Chargers

		Charging Times and Rates (Hours and Equivalent Battery C Rates Supplied by Charger)										
Representative Vehicles and Chargers (Many variants are possible)			Charger Available Power	3000	W US nestic	3kW Euro Domestic		Level 2 20 kW 3 Phase Domestic/ Industrial / Public		50kW DC Public Fast Charge		
	Charge Level and Equivalent C Rate	Battery Capacity (kWh)	C Rate	Charger Efficiency(%)	to	Charger Equiv C Rate (C)	Hours to 80%	Charger Equiv C Rate (C)	Hours to 80%	Charger Equiv C Rate (C)	Hours to 80%	Charger Equiv C Rate (C)
	Electric Bike	0.5	20	85	0.2	4.3	0.2	6.4	0.02	42.5	0.002	425.0
Vehic	le Plug In Hybrid PHEV	10	41	85	4.7	0.2	3.1	0.3	0.5	2.1	0.05	21.3
	EV Passenger Car	24	66.2	85	11.8	0.1	7.8	0.1	1.2	0.9	0.1	8.5
	Heavy Delivery Van	50	200	90	22.2	0.05	14.8	0.1	2.2	0.5	0.2	4.5

AC Plug Connectors –

➤ Bharat EV specifications recommend using IEC 60309 plug. Mostly used on E rickshaws.

➤ IEC 62196 Type 2 connector used by Indian cars like Renault Zoe, Nissan Leaf, Mahindra e2O

DIFFERENT TYPES OF CONNECTORS USED FOR CHARGING ELECTRIC VEHICLE.





CHAdeMO DC Plug

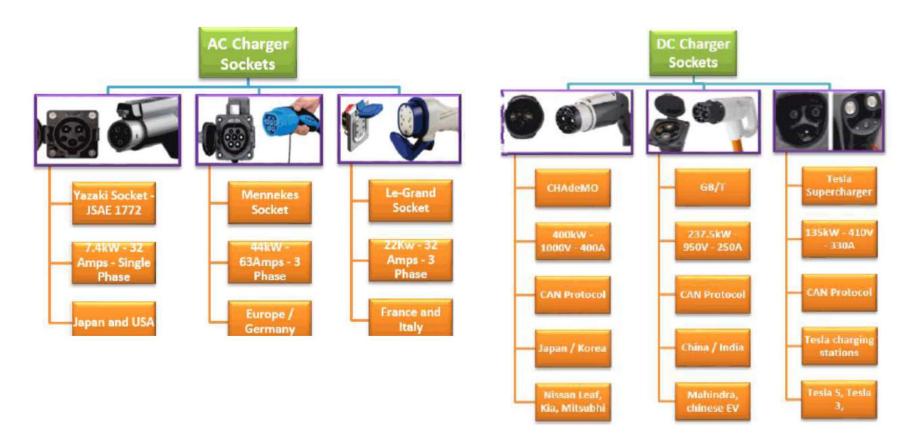


China GB Standard DC and AC EV Charging Plugs



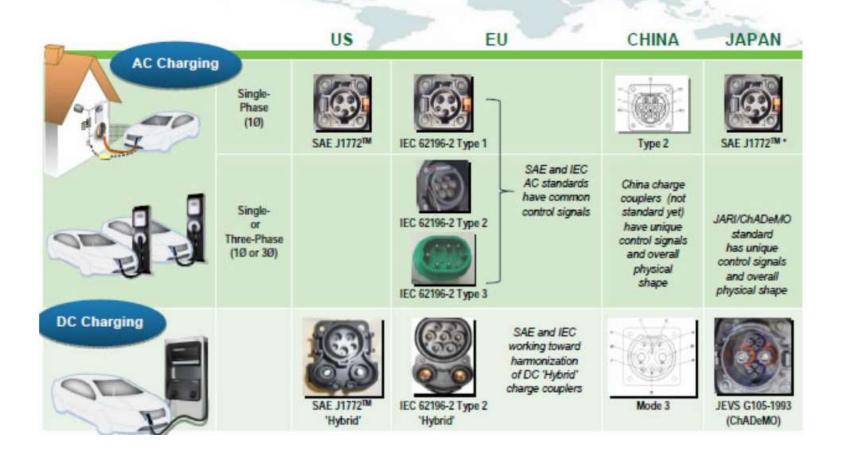


CHAdeMO DC and J1772 AC, Alternative Sockets as Mounted in the Nissan Leaf

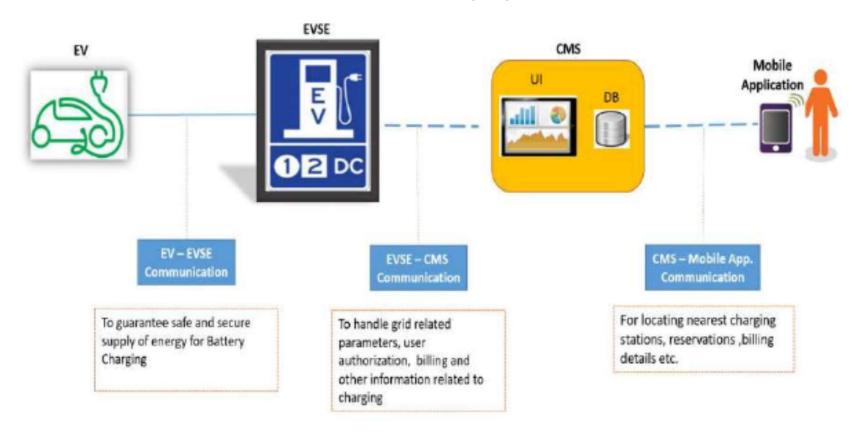


Type 2	ccs	CHAdeMO	GB/T 20234		
	00				
AC-Charger	DC-Charger	DC-Charger	DC-Charger		
U _{max} = 400 V, 3-phase	U _{max} = 850 V	U _{max} = 600 V	$U_{\text{max}} = 750 \text{ V}$		
$I_{\text{max}} = 63 \text{ A}$	I _{max} = 200 A	I _{max} = 200 A	I _{max} = 250 A		
P _{Connector} = 43,5 kW	P _{Connector} = 170 kW	P _{Connector} = 120 kW	P _{Connector} = 187,5 kW		
Communication	n = PWM/PLC	Communication = CAN			

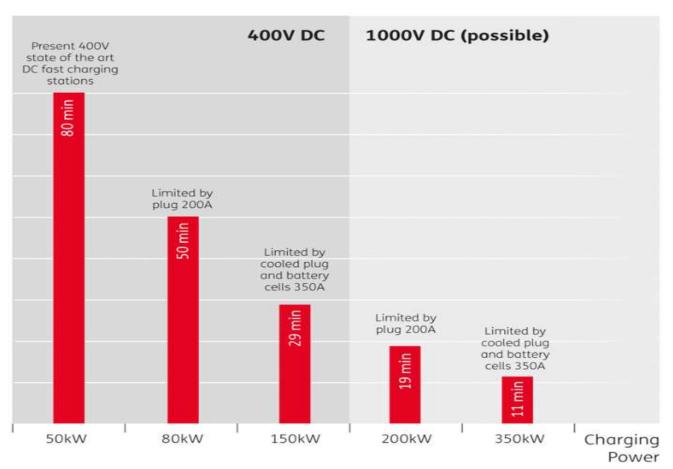
SUMMARY OF COUPLERS AVAILABLE FOR TYPE 2 AND 3 CHARGING.



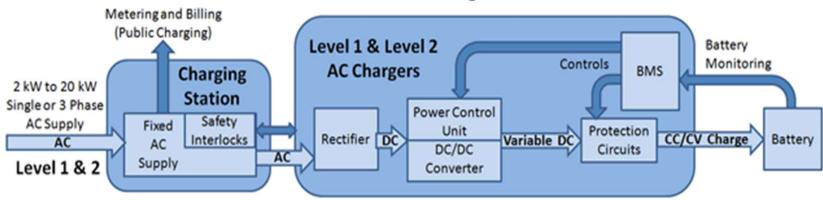
Architecture of EV and Charging infrastructure.

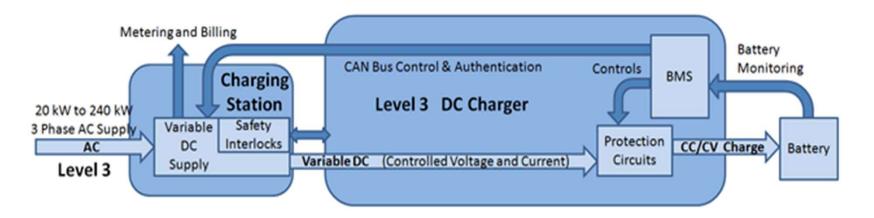


Charging time and the charging power relationship.



EV Chargers





DC FAST CHARGING.

In this method of charging, DC current is supplied to battery directly via the DC charge port. DC fast charge rates are usually 50 KW and above, up to 350 KW. They supply usually 100 km range per hr of charging.

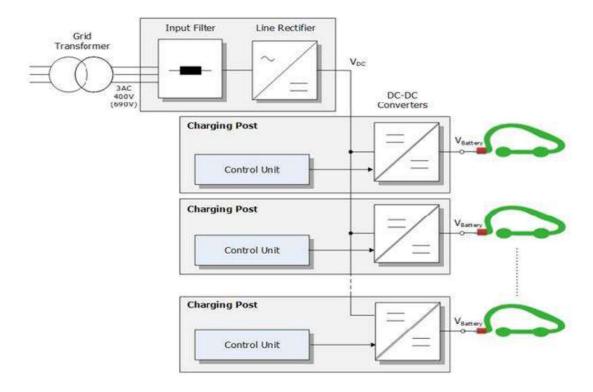
As per BHARAT DC charging specifications, power rating for fast chargers are –

10 kw/15 kw/30 kw/50 kw or even higher.

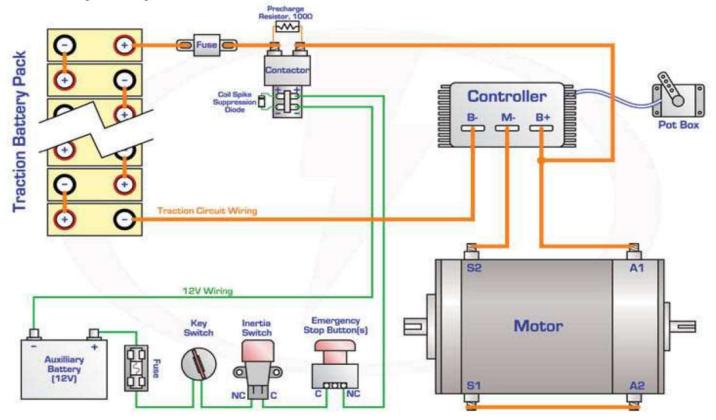
Voltage rating – 48V/72 V for India electric cars like Mahindra e2o Plus 8, e-varito, and upcoming Tata electric cars.

Up to 750 V or higher, used by Global electric cars like Nissan leaf and others.

Basic circuit diagram of a charging station with multiple DC fast charging points.



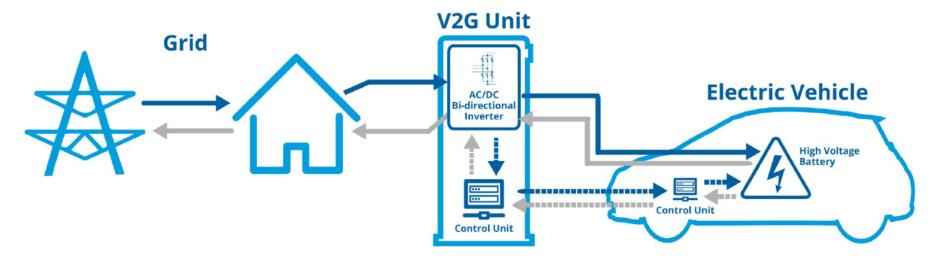
Simple Wiring Diagram For DC Electric Vehicle.



The diagram above shows the "bare bones" wiring for the traction circuit in a typical electric vehicle, with a series DC motor and controller.

TABLE 1. Technical specifications of commercially available dc fast chargers.						
Manufacturer and Model	ABB Terra 53	Tritium Veefil-RT	Tesla Supercharger	EVTEC espresso&charge	ABB Terra HP	
Rated power	50 kW	50 kW	135 kW	150 kW	350 kW	
Supported standards	CCS Type 1 CHAdeMO 1.0	CCS Types 1 and 2 CHAdeMO 1.0	Supercharger	SAE Combo 1 CHAdeMO 1.0	SAE Combo 1 CHAdeMO 1.2	
Input voltage	480 Vac	380-480 Vac 600-900 Vdc	200-480 Vac	400 Vac ± 10%	400 Vac ± 10%	
Output dc voltage	200-500 V 50-500 V	200-500 V 50-500 V	50-410 V	170-500 V	150-920 V	
Output dc current	120 A	125 A	330 A	300 A	375A	
Peak efficiency (charger only)	94%	>92%	92%	93%	95%	
Volume	758 L	495 L	1,047 L	1,581 L	1,894 L	
Weight	880 lb (400 kg)	364 lb (165 kg)	1,320 lb (600 kg)	880 lb (400 kg)	2,954 lb (1,340 kg)	

The future V2G?



- Vehicle-to-grid (V2G) describes a system in which plug-in electric vehicles, such as electric cars (BEV) and plug-in hybrids (PHEV), communicate with the power grid to sell demand response services by either returning electricity to the grid or by throttling their charging rate
- Since at any given time 95 percent of cars are parked, the batteries in electric vehicles could be used to let electricity
 flow from the car to the electric distribution network and back. This represents an estimated value to the utilities of up to
 \$4,000 per year per car.

Charging station for charging Car or two rickshaw at a time- Origin Europe.

Model	CHARGING	COLUMN FOR	CARS – ELEKTRO	COLUMN			
INPUT	Моморн	IASE	TRIPHASE				
Electric net	1x monophase (L+N+PE)		1x triphase (3L+N+PE)				
Nominal voltage (AC)	230V		400V				
Nominal current	16A		32A				
Nominal power	3,7kW	7,4kW	11kW	22kW			
Cable section (L,N,PE). L _{max} 20m	3x4 mr	n ²	5x6mm ²				
CONFIGURATIONS							
N° Type 2 Mode 3	1		2				
OUTPUT							
Charging mode		Mo	de 3				
Socket type	Type 2						
Plug lock		Y	es				
Socket cover	No						
Shutter	Yes (mandatory in Italy)						
Control BOX for PWM communication	Yes						
Power supply	No voltage without communication established between car and column						
PROTECTION							
Magnetothermal	2p (monophase)		4p (triphase)				
Differencial	Type "A" -	30mA	Type "B" - 30mA				
SERVICE ACCESS							
RFiD cards	Yes, design and graphic customization						
App Mobile	Yes, design and graphic customization						
DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT							
Dimensions	38 x 31 x 153 cm						
Weight		~ 6	60kg				
OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS							
Operating temperature	-20°C ÷ +40°C						
Altitude	Max 2000m s.l.m.						
Internet connection		LAN or SIM card (a	at least 3GB/month)				

- PL. Feels free to contact us for --
- ➤ Additional information on the subject.
- ➤ Design consideration and selection of charging station.
- ➤ EV related any other information

We are project consultant having over 42 years of experience in local as well International market. Have successfully implemented more than 24 projects with customer base in India, Kenya, Tanzania, Nigeria, South Africa, Kuwait etc.

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